# Water Damage: A Major Loss Source

Water intrusion sources, both external and internal, are a huge threat for any building owner, including residential homes, apartments and condominiums. This safety topic will provide advice for reducing your exposure to water damage issues.

# Major sources of water leakage that can cause significant damage include:

- Washing machine water supply hoses
- · Water supply lines feeding ice makers
- Hot water heaters
- Dishwashers

### Other examples of building water intrusion sources include the following:

- Plumbing piping and drains
- Plumbing fixtures faucets, toilets, sinks, shower valves
- Equipment garbage disposals, sump pumps
- Mechanical systems heaters, air handlers, evaporators, chillers, pumps, tanks, boilers, refrigerant lines
- Fire Sprinklers piping, sprinkler heads, control boxes, stand pipes
- · Damaged roofing materials or other building materials
- · Clogged roof drains or gutters

# Building owners and condominium boards should consider a prevention plan that can significantly reduce water damage potential. First steps should include:

- Replace washing machine hoses with steel braided hoses that can reduce water "bursts".
- Replace the water line for ice makers with reinforced stainless steel flexible lines.
- Inspect around your dishwasher and around the hose connection for signs of leaks. Make sure power is off before inspecting, or call a plumber if you suspect a problem.
- Make sure water shut off valves are accessible and work. Consider installing quarter turn shut off valves.
- Replace any hot water heater than is greater than 10 years old.
- Regularly clear roof drains and gutters to prevent clogging, especially before
  the rainy seasons. Consider installing gutter screens to help prevent leaves and
  debris clogging the gutters.
- Encourage residents to shut off the water to their units when leaving for extended periods.

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#### How Can You Prevent It?

	3	Make sure pipes are insulated where required and never located in exterior walls where freezing is possible.
	]	Perform regular building/HVAC inspections and maintenance as scheduled.
Ε	3	Keep heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) drip pans clean, flowing properly, and unobstructed.
	]	Inspect all plumbing connections and fittings for signs of leaks and/or corrosion.
	]	Make sure fire sprinkler systems are professionally maintained and tested.
С	]	Be prepared for power failure and weather Issues. In the event of a power failure, a backup generator or alternate power source should be able to keep any sump pumps operating properly.
Е	]	Make sure gutters are sloped away from the building for proper drainage.
	]	Test your water pressure. Water pressure shouldn't exceed 80 psi. If it does, water pressure regulators should be installed by a licensed contractor who follows the local building code specifications.
Е	]	Have plans in place and easily accessible to respond promptly to water damage. These should include emergency contact information such as emergency contractors, police and electricians.
	]	Immediately take corrective action when stained or softening walls or ceilings are noticed as this may indicate a water intrusion problem.
	3	If it is determined that a water intrusion problem exists, engage a qualified professional to evaluate the damage and determine if the building is suitable for continued occupancy. Make sure all problems are corrected before the building is occupied.

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